

Today's discussion

- GHIP long-term health care cost projections
 - FY19 recast and FY20 projection (FY19 Q2 update)
 - Revisit use of surplus
 - Long-term health care cost projections and illustrative FY20 rates
- ESI pharmacy renewal proposal (preliminary)
- FY20 and beyond recap
- Appendix

GHIP long term health care cost projections (FY19 Q2 update)

FY19 recast and FY20 projection

- At 1/14/2019 SEBC meeting, Willis Towers Watson presented GHIP financial projections based on updated claims experience through September 2018 (FY19 Q1) and the subcommittees' 12/18/2018 recommendations
- Revised WTW budget projections with experience through December 2018 (FY19 Q2) result in:
 - FY19 budget projected to be \$829.8M, down from \$833.0M as of the FY19 Q1 update (GHIP Operating Expenses projected to be \$920.0M, down from \$921.6M)
 - Projected FY20 GHIP Operating Expenses of \$975.4, reflecting a reduction of \$10.2M from FY19 Q1 update (\$985.6M)
 - Projected FY20 GHIP Other Revenues of \$107.4M, reflecting an increase of \$8.1M from FY19 Q1 update (\$99.3M)
- Additional proposed and approved programs resulting in FY20 savings opportunities not included in the revised budget or FY20 GHIP Operating Expenses, but outlined in the long-term projection exhibit include:
 - Implementation of SurgeryPlus site-of-care steerage: \$500k savings (approved)
 - Implementation of Highmark infusion therapy steerage program: \$2.0M savings (proposed)
 - Implementation of Livongo diabetes prevention services: \$720k savings (proposed)
 - Changes to select copay plan design1: \$6.9M savings (proposed)
 - Budget and contribution rate increase of 3.2% (proposed)

GHIP long term health care cost projections (FY19 Q2 update)

FY19 recast and FY20 projection

- Willis Towers Watson (WTW) revised GHIP financial projections based on updated claims experience through December 2018 (FY19 Q2):
 - Recast FY19 budget of \$829.8M is down 0.4% from previous FY19 Q1 update of \$833.0M
 - Projected FY20 budget of \$868.0M is down 2.1% from FY19 Q1 update of \$886.3M
 - Projected FY20 budget represents a 4.6% increase over FY19 budget recast

Component (\$ millions)	Description	FY19	FY20
	FY19 Q1	\$833.0	\$886.3
Claims Experience	Claims experience updated through FY19 Q2	(\$7.3)	(\$9.1)
Enrollment	Expected claims increase due to growth in covered population (offset by removal of POS population)	\$5.7	\$5.7
ESI Contract Renewal – Pricing Improvements (Preliminary)	Expected plan savings due to reduction in pharmacy claims and increased rebate performance	-	(\$14.5)
Updated EGWP Projections	Revised EGWP projections based on recent ESI payments and changes in the Medicare population (FY19 includes ESI projected 2018 federal reinsurance true-up payment)	(\$1.6)	(\$0.4)
	FY19 Q2	\$829.8	\$868.0

+4.6% over FY19

GHIP long term health care cost projections (FY19 Q2 update)

Use of surplus and premium rate increases

- Based on the previous financial projections as of Q1, the GHIP was projected to end FY19 with \$48.1M surplus, yielding a recommended 3.2% increase in premium contributions effective 7/1/2019 assuming no change to reserve methodology and smoothing surplus over two years
- Based on revised financial projections as of Q2, GHIP is projected to end FY19 with \$52.2M surplus
 - Smoothing the surplus over two years (\$26M in FY20, \$26M in FY21) suggests a 0.8% premium increase effective 7/1/2019
- Maintaining baseline premium increase of 2% effective 7/1/2019 reduces the FY20 projected surplus to \$36.1M
- The following pages shows the revised long term projections reflecting claims data through Q2 and preliminary ESI pharmacy renewal under two premium rate increase scenarios:
 - 2.0% increase effective 7/1/2019 (\$36.1M projected surplus through end of FY20)
 - 0.8% increase effective 7/1/2019 (\$26.1M projected surplus through end of FY20)

GHIP long term health care cost projections (FY19 Q2 update¹)

Subcommittee recommendations including FY20 program changes and 2% annual premium increase

FY20 reflects employee contribution increases of \$0.56 – \$5.46 per month (\$6.72 – \$65.52 per year) and State subsidy increases of \$13.35 – \$35.73 per employee per month (\$160.20 – \$428.76 per year) effective 7/1/2019

GHIP Costs (\$ millions)	FY17 Actual	FY18 Actual	FY19 Projected ¹	FY20 Projected ^{1,8}	FY21 Projected ⁸	FY22 Projected ⁸	FY23 Projected ⁸
Average Enrolled Members	123,132	125,488	126,198	128,722	131,296	133,922	136,600
GHIP Revenue							
Premium Contributions (Increasing with Enrollment) ²	\$799.0	\$810.9	\$815.7	\$830.0	\$846.6	\$863.5	\$880.8
2.0% Premium Increase 7/1/2019				\$16.6	\$33.9	\$52.5	\$72.2
Other Revenues ³	\$81.6	\$92.1	\$90.2	\$107.4	\$115.1	\$123.3	\$132.1
Total Operating Revenues	\$880.6	\$903.0	\$905.9	\$954.0	\$995.6	\$1,039.3	\$1,085.1
GHIP Expenses (Claims/Fees)							
Operating Expenses ⁴	\$816.8	\$853.9	\$920.0	\$975.4	\$1,044.7	\$1,118.9	\$1,198.3
% Change Per Member	1.8%	2.6%	7.1%	3.9%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
FY20 Program Changes ⁵				(\$9.6)	(\$10.1)	(\$10.6)	(\$11.1)
Excise Tax Liability ⁶						\$9.1	\$16.3
Adjusted Net Income (Revenue less Expense)	\$63.8	\$49.1	(\$14.1)	(\$11.7)	(\$39.0)	(\$78.1)	(\$118.4)
Balance Forward	\$38.9	\$102.7	\$151.8	\$137.77	\$126.02	\$87.0	\$8.9
Ending Balance	\$102.7	\$151.8	\$137.8	\$126.02	\$87.02	\$8.9	(\$109.4)
- Less Claims Liability ⁷	\$54.0	\$58.9	\$61.3	\$64.4	\$69.0	\$74.5	\$80.2
- Less Minimum Reserve ⁷	\$24.0	\$24.0	\$24.3	\$25.5	\$27.3	\$29.5	\$31.6
GHIP Surplus (After Reserves/Deposits)	\$24.7	\$68.9	\$52.2	\$36.1	(\$9.3)	(\$95.1)	(\$221.2)

Note: FY17 actual based on final June 2017 Fund Equity report; FY18 actual based on final June 2018 Fund Equity report; projected operating expenses based on experience through FY19 Q2; FY19 enrollment as of December 2018; numbers in table may not add up due to rounding

¹ Includes approved design changes for site-of-care steerage for imaging/outpatient lab and COE services and proposed design changes for \$0 statin coverage and preventive 3D mammography effective 7/1/2018 and implementation of SurgeryPlus COE effective 7/1/2019; includes financial impact of legislative bills impacting GHIP (\$1.2m increase to FY19 budget and \$2.4m increase to FY20 projection).

² Includes State and employee/pensioner premium contributions; assumes 2% annual enrollment growth for FY20-FY23.

³ Includes Rx rebates, EGWP payments, other revenues; FY20 and beyond includes estimated improvements in Rx rebates based on preliminary ESI FY20 renewal; includes fees for participating non-State groups (assumed to increase proportionally with membership growth and health care trend).

⁴ FY20 and beyond includes estimated reduction in pharmacy claims as a result of preliminary ESI FY20 renewal.

⁵ Includes estimated savings attributable to recommended changes eff. 7/1/2019: site-of-care steerage (\$6.9m), Highmark infusion therapy (\$2.0m), and Livongo (\$0.7m); assumed to increase annually with trend ⁶ 40% excise tax on the value of employer sponsored health care coverage over specified thresholds starting CY 2022. Threshold assumed to increase at 2% annually

⁷ FY19 Claims Liability and FY19 Minimum Reserve levels updated with data through June 2018; future years assumed to increase with overall GHIP expense growth

⁸ FY20-FY23 projections based on 5% composite trend (assumes 6% underlying trend less 1% for future GHIP cost reduction initiatives); assumes no additional program changes in FY20; assumes 2% annual growth in GHIP membership.

FY20 monthly rates and employee/retiree contributions

Illustrative: 2.0% increase effective 7/1/2019

FY20 reflects employee contribution increases of \$0.56 - \$5.46 per month (\$6.72 - \$65.52 per year) and State subsidy increases of \$13.35 - \$35.73 per employee per month (\$160.20 - \$428.76 per year) effective 7/1/2019

		FY 2019 FY 2020 with 2.0%		20 with 2.0% lı	ncrease	\$ Change Employee/ Pensioner Contribution		\$ Change State Subsidy		
	Rate	Employee Contribution	State Subsidy	Rate	Employee Contribution	State Subsidy	Monthly	Annual	Monthly	Annual
First State Basic										
Employee	\$695.36	\$27.84	\$667.52	\$709.27	\$28.40	\$680.87	\$0.56	\$6.72	\$13.35	\$160.20
Employee + Spouse	\$1,438.68	\$57.52	\$1,381.16	\$1,467.45	\$58.67	\$1,408.78	\$1.15	\$13.80	\$27.62	\$331.44
Employee + Child	\$1,057.02	\$42.26	\$1,014.76	\$1,078.16	\$43.11	\$1,035.05	\$0.85	\$10.20	\$20.29	\$243.48
Family	\$1,798.42	\$71.92	\$1,726.50	\$1,834.39	\$73.36	\$1,761.03	\$1.44	\$17.28	\$34.53	\$414.36
CDH Gold										
Employee	\$719.68	\$35.98	\$683.70	\$734.07	\$36.70	\$697.37	\$0.72	\$8.64	\$13.67	\$164.04
Employee + Spouse	\$1,492.22	\$74.58	\$1,417.64	\$1,522.06	\$76.07	\$1,445.99	\$1.49	\$17.88	\$28.35	\$340.20
Employee + Child	\$1,099.56	\$54.96	\$1,044.60	\$1,121.55	\$56.06	\$1,065.49	\$1.10	\$13.20	\$20.89	\$250.68
Family	\$1,895.74	\$94.78	\$1,800.96	\$1,933.65	\$96.68	\$1,836.97	\$1.90	\$22.80	\$36.01	\$432.12
Aetna HMO										
Employee	\$725.94	\$47.16	\$678.78	\$740.46	\$48.10	\$692.36	\$0.94	\$11.28	\$13.58	\$162.96
Employee + Spouse	\$1,530.58	\$99.50	\$1,431.08	\$1,561.19	\$101.49	\$1,459.70	\$1.99	\$23.88	\$28.62	\$343.44
Employee + Child	\$1,110.52	\$72.18	\$1,038.34	\$1,132.73	\$73.62	\$1,059.11	\$1.44	\$17.28	\$20.77	\$249.24
Family	\$1,909.82	\$124.12	\$1,785.70	\$1,948.02	\$126.60	\$1,821.42	\$2.48	\$29.76	\$35.72	\$428.64
Comprehensive PPO										
Employee	\$793.86	\$105.18	\$688.68	\$809.74	\$107.28	\$702.46	\$2.10	\$25.20	\$13.78	\$165.36
Employee + Spouse	\$1,647.34	\$218.26	\$1,429.08	\$1,680.29	\$222.63	\$1,457.66	\$4.37	\$52.44	\$28.58	\$342.96
Employee + Child	\$1,223.46	\$162.08	\$1,061.38	\$1,247.93	\$165.32	\$1,082.61	\$3.24	\$38.88	\$21.23	\$254.76
Family	\$2,059.40	\$272.86	\$1,786.54	\$2,100.59	\$278.32	\$1,822.27	\$5.46	\$65.52	\$35.73	\$428.76

GHIP long term health care cost projections (FY19 Q2 update¹)

FY20 program changes, smoothing surplus over 2 years, +0.8% premium increase in FY20 (+2% FY21+)

FY20 reflects employee contribution increases of \$0.22 – \$2.18 per month (\$2.64 – \$26.16 per year) and State subsidy increases of \$5.34 – \$14.30 per employee per month (\$64.08 – \$171.06 per year) effective 7/1/2019

GHIP Costs (\$ millions)	FY17 Actual	FY18 Actual	FY19 Projected ¹	FY20 Projected ^{1,8}	FY21 Projected ⁸	FY22 Projected ⁸	FY23 Projected ⁸
Average Enrolled Members	123,132	125,488	126,198	128,722	131,296	133,922	136,600
GHIP Revenue							
Premium Contributions (Increasing with Enrollment) ²	\$799.0	\$810.9	\$815.7	\$830.0	\$846.6	\$863.5	\$880.8
0.8% Premium Increase 7/1/2019 (+2% FY21+)				\$6.6	\$33.9	\$52.5	\$72.2
Other Revenues ³	\$81.6	\$92.1	\$90.2	\$107.4	\$115.1	\$123.3	\$132.1
Total Operating Revenues	\$880.6	\$903.0	\$905.9	\$944.0	\$995.6	\$1,039.3	\$1,085.1
GHIP Expenses (Claims/Fees)							
Operating Expenses ⁴	\$816.8	\$853.9	\$920.0	\$975.4	\$1,044.7	\$1,118.9	\$1,198.3
% Change Per Member	1.8%	2.6%	7.1%	3.9%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
FY20 Program Changes ⁵				(\$9.6)	(\$10.1)	(\$10.6)	(\$11.1)
Excise Tax Liability ⁶						\$9.1	\$16.3
Adjusted Net Income (Revenue less Expense)	\$63.8	\$49.1	(\$14.1)	(\$21.8)	(\$39.0)	(\$78.1)	(\$118.4)
Balance Forward	\$38.9	\$102.7	\$151.8	\$137.8	\$116.0	\$77.0	(\$1.1)
Ending Balance	\$102.7	\$151.8	\$137.8	\$116.0	\$77.0	(\$1.1)	(\$119.5)
- Less Claims Liability ⁷	\$54.0	\$58.9	\$61.3	\$64.4	\$69.0	\$74.5	\$80.2
- Less Minimum Reserve ⁷	\$24.0	\$24.0	\$24.3	\$25.5	\$27.3	\$29.5	\$31.6
GHIP Surplus (After Reserves/Deposits)	\$24.7	\$68.9	\$52.2	\$26.1	(\$19.3)	(\$105.1)	(\$231.3)

Note: FY17 actual based on final June 2017 Fund Equity report; FY18 actual based on final June 2018 Fund Equity report; projected operating expenses based on experience through FY19 Q2; FY19 enrollment as of Decemberr 2018; numbers in table may not add up due to rounding

¹ Includes approved design changes for site-of-care steerage for imaging/outpatient lab and COE services and proposed design changes for \$0 statin coverage and preventive 3D mammography effective 7/1/2018 and implementation of SurgeryPlus COE effective 7/1/2019; includes financial impact of legislative bills impacting GHIP (\$1.2m increase to FY19 budget and \$2.4m increase to FY20 projection).

² Includes State and employee/pensioner premium contributions; assumes 2% annual enrollment growth for FY20-FY23.

³ Includes Rx rebates, EGWP payments, other revenues; FY20 and beyond includes estimated improvements in Rx rebates based on preliminary ESI FY20 renewal; includes fees for participating non-State groups (assumed to increase proportionally with membership growth and health care trend).

⁴ FY20 and beyond includes estimated reduction in pharmacy claims as a result of preliminary ESI FY20 renewal.

⁵ Includes estimated savings attributable to recommended changes eff. 7/1/2019: site-of-care steerage (\$6.9m), Highmark infusion therapy (\$2.0m), and Livongo (\$0.7m); assumed to increase annually with trend ⁶ 40% excise tax on the value of employer sponsored health care coverage over specified thresholds starting CY 2022. Threshold assumed to increase at 2% annually

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⁸ FY20-FY23 projections based on 5% composite trend (assumes 6% underlying trend less 1% for future GHIP cost reduction initiatives); assumes no additional program changes in FY20; assumes 2% annual growth in GHIP membership.

FY20 monthly rates and employee/retiree contributions

Illustrative: 0.8% increase effective 7/1/2019

FY20 reflects employee contribution increases of 0.22 - 2.18 per month (2.64 - 26.16 per year) and State subsidy increases of 5.34 - 14.30 per employee per month (64.08 - 171.06 per year) effective 7/1/2019

	FY 2019		FY 20	FY 2020 with 0.8% Increase			\$ Change Employee/ Pensioner Contribution		\$ Change State Subsidy	
	Rate	Employee Contribution	State Subsidy	Rate	Employee Contribution	State Subsidy	Monthly	Annual	Monthly	Annual
First State Basic										
Employee	\$695.36	\$27.84	\$667.52	\$700.92	\$28.06	\$672.86	\$0.22	\$2.64	\$5.34	\$64.08
Employee + Spouse	\$1,438.68	\$57.52	\$1,381.16	\$1,450.19	\$57.98	\$1,392.21	\$0.46	\$5.52	\$11.05	\$132.60
Employee + Child	\$1,057.02	\$42.26	\$1,014.76	\$1,065.48	\$42.60	\$1,022.88	\$0.34	\$4.08	\$8.12	\$97.44
Family	\$1,798.42	\$71.92	\$1,726.50	\$1,812.81	\$72.50	\$1,740.31	\$0.58	\$6.96	\$13.81	\$165.72
CDH Gold										
Employee	\$719.68	\$35.98	\$683.70	\$725.44	\$36.27	\$689.17	\$0.29	\$3.48	\$5.47	\$65.64
Employee + Spouse	\$1,492.22	\$74.58	\$1,417.64	\$1,504.16	\$75.18	\$1,428.98	\$0.60	\$7.20	\$11.34	\$136.08
Employee + Child	\$1,099.56	\$54.96	\$1,044.60	\$1,108.36	\$55.40	\$1,052.96	\$0.44	\$5.28	\$8.36	\$100.32
Family	\$1,895.74	\$94.78	\$1,800.96	\$1,910.91	\$95.54	\$1,815.37	\$0.76	\$9.12	\$14.41	\$172.92
Aetna HMO										
Employee	\$725.94	\$47.16	\$678.78	\$731.75	\$47.54	\$684.21	\$0.38	\$4.56	\$5.43	\$65.16
Employee + Spouse	\$1,530.58	\$99.50	\$1,431.08	\$1,542.82	\$100.30	\$1,442.52	\$0.80	\$9.60	\$11.44	\$137.28
Employee + Child	\$1,110.52	\$72.18	\$1,038.34	\$1,119.40	\$72.76	\$1,046.64	\$0.58	\$6.96	\$8.30	\$99.60
Family	\$1,909.82	\$124.12	\$1,785.70	\$1,925.10	\$125.11	\$1,799.99	\$0.99	\$11.88	\$14.29	\$171.48
Comprehensive PPO										
Employee	\$793.86	\$105.18	\$688.68	\$800.21	\$106.02	\$694.19	\$0.84	\$10.08	\$5.51	\$66.12
Employee + Spouse	\$1,647.34	\$218.26	\$1,429.08	\$1,660.52	\$220.01	\$1,440.51	\$1.75	\$21.00	\$11.43	\$137.16
Employee + Child	\$1,223.46	\$162.08	\$1,061.38	\$1,233.25	\$163.38	\$1,069.87	\$1.30	\$15.60	\$8.49	\$101.88
Family	\$2,059.40	\$272.86	\$1,786.54	\$2,075.88	\$275.04	\$1,800.84	\$2.18	\$26.16	\$14.30	\$171.60

ESI pharmacy renewal – One year proposal

Overview

- The State engaged Willis Towers Watson to support the evaluation and negotiation of a one-year extension for the ESI Commercial and EGWP pharmacy contracts
 - The State has a traditional pricing arrangement for both contracts with 100% passthrough of rebates
 - The current Commercial contract terminates 6/30/2019
 - The current EGWP contract terminates 12/31/2019
- In December 2018, ESI submitted preliminary one-year renewal offers for both the Commercial and EGWP populations
 - Commercial renewal period: 7/1/2019 6/30/2020
 - EGWP renewal period: 1/1/2020 12/31/2020
- The preliminary renewal yields \$14.5M savings over the current pharmacy contract terms and these savings have been incorporated into the latest GHIP FY20 financial projections
- ESI provided a best and final offer on 1/29/2019 and Willis Towers Watson is in the process of reviewing the most recent offer
 - Any additional savings from more favorable pricing terms will also be incorporated into FY20 financial projections

ESI pharmacy renewal – One year proposal

Summary of projected FY20 contract savings (initial offer)

- Overall, ESI's initial renewal proposals are projected to reduce pharmacy allowed spend by \$21.7M for the respective one-year contract periods compared to the current contract pricing terms
 - Commercial renewal offer is projected to reduce allowed pharmacy claims by \$4.5M (2.7%) and increase rebates by \$7.1M, yielding \$11.6M gross savings for the period 7/1/2019 6/30/2020
 - EGWP renewal offer is projected to reduce allowed pharmacy claims by \$6.0M (4.1%) and increase rebates by \$4.1M, yielding \$10.1M gross savings for the period 1/1/2020 12/31/2020
- Estimated total reduction of \$14.5M in GHIP pharmacy plan cost for FY20 (\$9.5M Commercial, \$5.0M EGWP)

ESI One Year Renewal Offer (\$M)	Commercial FY	Population 20	EGWP Population CY20		
Initial Proposal	\$ Savings	% Savings	\$ Savings	% Savings	
Rx allowed cost savings before rebates ¹ Reduction in allowed charges	\$4.5	2.7%	\$6.0	4.1%	
Rx allowed cost savings incl. rebates ² Reduction in allowed charges + improved rebates	\$11.6	8.6%	\$10.1	8.0%	
FY20 plan cost reduction ³ FY20 budget impact	\$9.	.5	\$5.	.0	

¹Estimated savings for each respective contract period using allowed claims (plan and member cost sharing combined), utilization, and enrollment data for the period 11/1/2017 – 10/31/2018 and composite annual pharmacy trend rate of 6-7% (varying by generic, brand, and specialty drug categories)

² Estimated Rx allowed cost savings per footnote 1 plus estimated increase in rebates based on current drug mix; rebate improvements shown are above any anticipated rebate over-performance (true-up) for current contract

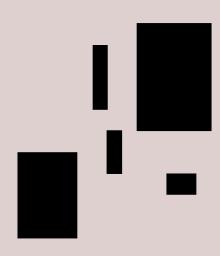
³ Estimated reduction in GHIP pharmacy plan cost (net of member cost sharing) for the period 7/1/2019 – 6/30/2020 based on the pricing assumptions outlined in the Appendix

Financial subcommittee recommendations for FY20

- No change to claim liability or minimum reserve methodologies
 - FY20 projected claim liability: \$64.9M; to be refreshed early 2019 based on updated lag factor analysis
 - FY20 projected minimum reserve: \$25.7M
- Spread FY19 surplus over two years
 - Use \$24M in surplus in FY20 and remaining \$24M surplus in FY21
 - Revisit surplus smoothing methodology annually
- Health Policy & Planning Subcommittee recommendations for FY20 yield estimated \$9.6M in claim cost avoidance – based on the most recent financial projections assuming 5% trend and recommended FY20 program changes, FY20 premiums will need to increase by 0.8% effective 7/1/2019

SEBC to vote on proposed FY20 program changes 2/11/2019; vote on 7/1/2019 premium rate increase will be deferred

Appendix



Health care budget development

Assumption and pricing analysis details



- Claims experience provided by vendors (Highmark, Aetna, and ESI) reflect paid claims and enrollment for the most recent available 24 months, or two experience periods (1/1/2017 – 12/31/2018)
- Claims experience adjusted for claim offsets from pharmacy rebates and EGWP funding
- Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) adjustments convert paid claims to an incurred basis based on the lag between when a claim is incurred and when it is paid
- Exposure adjustments convert claims experience into a *per adult* equivalent claims cost
- Inflation and trend adjustments increase the claims costs to reflect expected year-over-year increases to the cost of services
- Plan Design adjustments applied to the claims costs to reflect any plan design changes or movement across plans, and are based on the relative difference in actuarial value of the plans
- Vendor adjustments reflect results from medical TPA RFP and other adopted vendor initiatives
- Self-insured fixed costs are added to the adjusted claims cost to develop the total budget; this
 includes administrative service fees and operational expenses

WTW projected total budget is based on a best estimate of projected GHIP expenses (claims, fees, etc.) and does not assume any surplus offset or deficit recoup based on current Fund balance

GHIP long term health care cost projections (FY19 Q1 update¹)

Subcommittee recommendations including FY20 program changes and smoothing surplus over 2 years

FY20 reflects employee contribution increases of \$0.89 – \$8.73 per month (\$10.68 – \$104.76 per year) and State subsidy increases of \$21.36 – \$57.17 per employee per month (\$256.32 – \$686.04 per year) effective 7/1/2019

GHIP Costs (\$ millions)	FY17 Actual	FY18 Actual	FY19 Projected ¹	FY20 Projected ^{1,7}	FY21 Projected ⁷	FY22 Projected ⁷	FY23 Projected ⁷
Average Enrolled Members	123,132	125,488	125,861	128,308	130,874	133,491	136,161
GHIP Revenue							
Premium Contributions (Increasing with Enrollment) ²	\$799.0	\$810.9	\$814.8	\$831.1	\$847.7	\$864.7	\$882.0
3.2% Premium Increase 7/1/2019 (+2% FY21+)				\$26.6	\$43.9	\$62.5	\$82.2
Other Revenues ³	\$81.6	\$92.1	\$88.6	\$99.3	\$106.3	\$113.8	\$121.9
Total Operating Revenues	\$880.6	\$903.0	\$903.5	\$957.0	\$997.9	\$1,041.0	\$1,086.1
GHIP Expenses (Claims/Fees)							
Operating Expenses (No Change)	\$816.8	\$853.9	\$921.6	\$985.6	\$1,055.6	\$1,130.5	\$1,210.8
% Change Per Member	1.8%	2.6%	7.4%	4.9%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
FY20 Program Changes⁴				(\$9.6)	(\$10.1)	(\$10.6)	(\$11.1)
Excise Tax Liability⁵						\$9.1	\$16.3
Adjusted Net Income (Revenue less Expense)	\$63.8	\$49.1	(\$18.1)	(\$19.0)	(\$47.6)	(\$88.0)	(\$129.9)
Balance Forward	\$38.9	\$102.7	\$151.8	\$133.7	\$114.7	\$67.1	(\$20.9)
Ending Balance	\$102.7	\$151.8	\$133.7	\$114.7	\$67.1	(\$20.9)	(\$150.8)
- Less Claims Liability ⁶	\$54.0	\$58.9	\$61.3	\$64.9	\$69.5	\$75.1	\$80.9
- Less Minimum Reserve ⁶	\$24.0	\$24.0	\$24.3	\$25.7	\$27.5	\$29.7	\$31.8
GHIP Surplus (After Reserves/Deposits)	\$24.7	\$68.9	\$48.1	\$24.1	(\$29.9)	(\$125.7)	(\$263.5)

Note: FY17 actual based on final June 2017 Fund Equity report; FY18 actual based on final June 2018 Fund Equity report; projected operating expenses based on experience through FY19 Q1; FY19 enrollment as of September 2018; reflects ESI FY17 Q4 restated claims; numbers in table may not add up due to rounding

¹ Includes approved design changes for site-of-care steerage for imaging/outpatient lab and COE services and proposed design changes for \$0 statin coverage and preventive 3D mammography effective 7/1/2018 and implementation of SurgeryPlus COE effective 7/1/2019; includes financial impact of legislative bills impacting GHIP (\$1.2m increase to FY19 budget and \$2.4m increase to FY20 projection).

² Includes State and employee/pensioner premium contributions; assumes 2% annual enrollment growth for FY20-FY23.

³ Includes Rx rebates, EGWP payments, other revenues; includes fees for participating non-State groups (assumed to increase proportionally with membership growth and health care trend).

⁴ Includes estimated savings attributable to recommended changes eff. 7/1/2019: site-of-care steerage (\$6.9m), Highmark infusion therapy (\$2.0m), and Livongo (\$0.7m); assumed to increase annually with trend

⁵ 40% excise tax on the value of employer sponsored health care coverage over specified thresholds starting CY 2022. Threshold assumed to increase at 2% annually ⁶ FY19 Claims Liability and FY19 Minimum Reserve levels updated with data through June 2018; future years assumed to increase with overall GHIP expense growth

⁷ FY20-FY23 projections based on 5% composite trend (assumes 6% underlying trend less 1% for future GHIP cost reduction initiatives); assumes no additional program changes in FY20; assumes 2% annual growth in GHIP membership.

Policy subcommittee recommendations for FY20 changes

Implement the following changes for FY20:

Service For PPO and HMO plans only	FY19 Current	FY20 Proposed Change
Basic ImagingFreestanding Facility (preferred)Hospital-based Facility	\$0 copay\$35 copay	\$0 copay\$50 copay
High Tech ImagingFreestanding Facility (preferred)Hospital-based Facility	\$0 copay\$50 copay	\$0 copay\$75 copay
Outpatient Lab Preferred Lab Other Lab	\$10 copay\$20 copay	\$10 copay\$50 copay
Emergency / Urgent CareUrgent Care (HMO/PPO copay)Emergency Room	\$15/\$20 copay\$150 copay	\$15/\$20 copay\$200copay
Telemedicine	\$15/\$20 copay (HMO/PPO)	\$0 copay (HMO/PPO)

Combined annual claim cost avoidance opportunity: \$6.9m (\$4.6m to General Fund)

- Implement Highmark's infusion therapy site-of-care steerage program (\$2.0m claim savings potential, \$1.3m to General Fund)
- Implement Livongo through Aetna, Highmark and Express Scripts (\$720k claim savings potential, \$500k to General Fund)
- Total annual claim cost avoidance opportunity: \$9.6m (\$6.4m to General Fund)

GHIP claim liability and reserve methodology

Alternatives for consideration (details in Appendix)

Financial Subcommittee reviewed current methodology for setting the claim liability

Methodology	Description	FY19 Claim Liability
Current	Estimated incurred but not paid ("IBNP") liability based on Aetna, Highmark, and ESI lag factors	\$61.3M

 Financial Subcommittee also reviewed alternative methodologies for setting the minimum reserve level for GHIP

	Methodology	Description	FY19 Reserve
*	Current	Upper bound of 97% confidence for WTW claim variability tool	\$24.3M
	Alternative 1	Upper bound of 98.5% confidence for WTW claim variability tool	\$27.1M
	Alternative 2	Upper bound of 98.5% confidence for WTW claim variability tool <i>plus</i> 1% load for potential population health risk volatility	\$35.1M

Continue to review claim liability on a quarterly basis and minimum reserve on an annual basis

Subcommittee recommends smoothing available surplus over 2 years (12/18/2018 meeting)

GHIP surplus modeling

Scenarios for consideration

- Using surplus to minimize annual premium increases may put a strain on future revenues needed to keep pace with health care cost trend
- GHIP surplus projected to be \$48.1M by the end of FY19, based on assumptions outlined on page 2
- Financial Subcommittee discussed spreading the FY19 surplus level (\$48.1M) over multiple years, rather than using the full amount to offset costs in FY20
 - Each scenario reviewed included a corresponding premium contribution increase to "balance" the fund (\$0 surplus) by FY21 or FY22
 - Avoid the need for a more significant increase in a future year, which could be further exacerbated in a year of poor claims experience
- The following scenarios were considered:



- Spread \$48.1M surplus over 2 years (use \$24.0M surplus in FY20 by increasing premiums 4.5%* effective 7/1/2019)
- Spread \$48.1M surplus over 3 years (use \$16.0M surplus in FY20 by increasing premiums 5.4%* effective 7/1/2019)
- Recommendation intended to address both current fund surplus, and available surplus in future years – Subcommittee may choose to revisit smoothing duration in the future

^{*} Required premium increase assuming no program changes for FY20; if SEBC approves recommended FY20 program changes yielding \$9.6M in savings, required premium increases drop to 3.2% (2 year smoothing) and 4.2% (3 year smoothing)

Estimated savings potential – basic and high tech imaging services

Carrier	Modeled Designs	Annual Claim Cost Avoided (%)	Annual Claim Cost Avoided (\$)	Annual Claim Cost Avoided, General Fund (\$)
Aetna	Option 1: Non-preferred	0.23%	\$0.4m	\$0.3m
Highmark	basic imaging increases +\$5/visit, high tech increases +\$10/visit	0.10%	\$0.4m	\$0.3m
	Total Cost Avoidance Oppor	tunity – Option 1:	\$0.8m	\$0.5m
Aetna	Option 2: Non-preferred	0.43%	\$0.7m	\$0.5m
Highmark	basic imaging increases +\$15/visit, high tech increases +\$15/visit	0.20%	\$0.9m	\$0.6m
	Total Cost Avoidance Oppor	tunity - Option 2:	\$1.6m	\$1.1m
Aetna	Option 3: Non-preferred	0.49%	\$0.8m	\$0.5m
Highmark	basic imaging increases +\$15/visit, high tech increases +\$25/visit	0.20%	\$0.9m	\$0.6m
	Total Cost Avoidance Oppor	tunity - Option 3:	\$1.7m	\$1.1m
Aetna	Illustrative: Max opportunity (100%	1.27%	\$2.1m	\$1.4m
Highmark	of services steered to preferred site)	1.40%	\$6.1m	\$4.0m
Maximu	m Cost Avoidance Opportunity	(illustrative only):	\$8.3m	\$5.5m

- The design options modeled above assume design changes are adopted to promote site-of-care steerage for basic and high-tech imaging services only
 - Consistent with existing site-of-care steerage design, modeling assumes that these changes would only apply to the Comprehensive PPO and the HMO plans
 - CDH Gold and First State Basic plans already have member cost differential built into design (via coinsurance for most plan provisions) to incentivize utilization of lower cost providers
 - Additional utilization assumptions have been provided in the Appendix
- Member disruption will vary based on procedure, education and specific provider

The percentage of cost paid by the State subsidy from the general fund and non-general fund based on FY 2018 premium contributions and revenue as reported by DHR Financial Services/OMB PHRST. Savings for active and pre-65 retiree populations only; based on each vendor's best estimate of the expected utilization at the desired site of care. Savings largely attributable to copay differential rather than changes in member behavior.

Estimated savings potential – outpatient lab services

Carrier	Modeled Designs	Annual Claim Cost Avoided (%)	Annual Claim Cost Avoided (\$)	Annual Claim Cost Avoided, General Fund (\$)
Aetna	Option 1: Non-preferred lab copay	0.19%	\$0.3m	\$0.2m
Highmark	increases +\$10/visit	0.30%	\$1.3m	\$0.9m
	Total Cost Avoidance Oppor	tunity – Option 1:	\$1.6m	\$1.1m
Aetna	Option 2: Non-preferred lab copay	0.36%	\$0.6m	\$0.4m
Highmark	increases +\$20/visit	0.40%	\$1.8m	\$1.2m
	Total Cost Avoidance Oppor	tunity - Option 2:	\$2.4m	\$1.6m
Aetna	Option 3: Non-preferred lab copay	0.51%	\$0.9m	\$0.6m
Highmark	increases +\$30/visit	0.40%	\$1.8m	\$1.2m
	Total Cost Avoidance Oppor	tunity – Option 3:	\$2.6m	\$1.7m
Aetna	Illustrative: Max opportunity (100%	0.62%	\$1.0m	\$0.7m
Highmark	of services steered to preferred site)	1.10%	\$4.8m	\$3.2m
Maximu	m Cost Avoidance Opportunity	(illustrative only):	\$5.9m	\$3.9m

- The design options modeled above assume design changes are adopted to promote site-of-care steerage for outpatient lab services only
 - Consistent with existing site-of-care steerage design, modeling assumes that these changes would only apply to the Comprehensive PPO and the HMO plans
 - CDH Gold and First State Basic plans already have member cost differential built into design (via coinsurance for most plan provisions) to incentivize utilization of lower cost providers
 - Additional utilization assumptions have been provided in the Appendix
- Member disruption will vary based on procedure, education and specific provider

The percentage of cost paid by the State subsidy from the general fund and non-general fund based on FY 2018 premium contributions and revenue as reported by DHR Financial Services/OMB PHRST. Savings for active and pre-65 retiree populations only; based on each vendor's best estimate of the expected utilization at the desired site of care. Savings largely attributable to copay differential rather than changes in member behavior.



Estimated savings potential – emergency / urgent care

Carrier	Modeled Designs	Annual Claim Cost Avoided (%)	Annual Claim Cost Avoided (\$)	Annual Claim Cost Avoided, General Fund (\$)
Aetna	Option 1:	0.30%	\$0.5m	\$0.3m
Highmark	ER copay increases +\$25/visit	0.20%	\$0.9m	\$0.6m
	Total Cost Avoidance Oppor	\$1.4m	\$0.9m	
Aetna	Option 2:	0.51%	\$0.9m	\$0.6m
Highmark	ER copay increases +\$50/visit	0.40%	\$1.8m	\$1.2m
	Total Cost Avoidance Oppor	\$2.6m	\$1.7m	
Aetna	Illustrative: Max opportunity (100%	1.61%	\$2.7m	\$1.8m
Highmark	of services steered to preferred site)	0.60%	\$2.6m	\$1.7m
Maximu	m Cost Avoidance Opportunity	\$5.3m	\$3.5m	

- The design options modeled above assume design changes are adopted to promote site-of-care steerage for emergency / urgent care only
 - Consistent with existing site-of-care steerage design, modeling assumes that these changes would only apply to the Comprehensive PPO and the HMO plans
 - CDH Gold and First State Basic plans already have member cost differential built into design (via coinsurance for most plan provisions) to incentivize utilization of lower cost providers
 - Additional utilization assumptions have been provided in the Appendix
- Member disruption will vary based on procedure, education and specific provider

The percentage of cost paid by the State subsidy from the general fund and non-general fund based on FY 2018 premium contributions and revenue as reported by DHR Financial Services/OMB PHRST. Savings for active and pre-65 retiree populations only; based on each vendor's best estimate of the expected utilization at the desired site of care. Savings largely attributable to copay differential rather than changes in member behavior.

Aetna and Highmark recommendations for potential plan design changes

Aetna

- For imaging and lab services, would not recommend any copays greater than option 3
- For emergency / urgent care, would not recommend any copays greater than option 2

Highmark

- Recommendations for designs are mostly covered in the scenarios outlined by WTW
- Regarding imaging, would not recommend \$0 for any non-routine service, so consider a nominal copay (especially high tech imaging)
- For lab services, Options 2-3 seem high for non-preferred labs, in light of average total allowed cost for those
- Minimum ER copays for fully-insured customers is \$150/visit (consistent with FY19 current design)

Additional assumptions for estimated cost avoidance – imaging services

Service	FY19	FY20 Design Options				
For PPO and HMO plans only	Current	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Max Opportunity (illustrative)	
Basic ImagingFreestanding Facility (preferred)Hospital-based Facility	\$0 copay\$35 copay	\$0 copay\$40 copay	\$0 copay\$50 copay	\$0 copay\$50 copay	n/a	
High Tech ImagingFreestanding Facility (preferred)Hospital-based Facility	\$0 copay\$50 copay	\$0 copay\$60 copay	\$0 copay\$65 copay	\$0 copay\$75 copay	n/a	
Estimated number and percent of services steered toward preferred site of care		Basic: 1,515 (3%)High Tech: 515 (3%)	 Basic: 2,781 (5%) High Tech: 707 (4%) 	Basic: 2,781 (5%)High Tech: 1,052 (6%)	Basic: 56,130 (100%)High Tech: 18,407 (100%)	
Estimated cost avoidance opportunity		\$0.8m annual claim savings (\$0.5m to General Fund)	\$1.6m annual claim savings (\$1.1m to General Fund)	\$1.7m annual claim savings (\$1.1m to General Fund)	\$8.3m annual claim savings (\$5.5m to General Fund)	

The percentage of cost paid by the State subsidy from the general fund and non-general fund based on FY 2018 premium contributions and revenue as reported by DHR Financial Services/OMB PHRST. Savings for active and pre-65 retiree populations only; based on each vendor's best estimate of the expected utilization at the desired site of care. Savings largely attributable to copay differential rather than changes in member behavior.

Highlights potential FY20 design change.

Additional assumptions for estimated cost avoidance – outpatient lab services

Service	FY19	FY20 Design Options				
For PPO and HMO plans only	Current	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Max Opportunity (illustrative)	
Outpatient Lab Preferred Lab Other Lab	\$10 copay\$20 copay	\$10 copay\$30 copay	\$10 copay\$40 copay	\$10 copay\$50 copay	n/a	
Estimated number and percent of services steered toward preferred site of care		2,642 (1%)	5,212 (2%)	7,715 (4%)	216,206 (100%)	
Estimated cost avoidance opportunity		\$1.6m annual claim savings (\$1.1m to General Fund)	\$2.4m annual claim savings (\$1.6m to General Fund)	\$2.6m annual claim savings (\$1.7m to General Fund)	\$5.9m annual claim savings (\$3.9m to General Fund)	

The percentage of cost paid by the State subsidy from the general fund and non-general fund based on FY 2018 premium contributions and revenue as reported by DHR Financial Services/OMB PHRST. Savings for active and pre-65 retiree populations only; based on each vendor's best estimate of the expected utilization at the desired site of care. Savings largely attributable to copay differential rather than changes in member behavior.

Preferred labs for both Aetna and Highmark: Quest and Labcorp.

Highlights potential FY20 design change.

Additional assumptions for estimated cost avoidance – emergency / urgent care

Service	FY19	FY20 Design Options			
For PPO and HMO plans only	Current	Option 1	Option 2	Max Opportunity (illustrative)	
Emergency / Urgent CareUrgent Care (HMO/PPO copay)Emergency Room	\$15/\$20 copay\$150 copay	\$15/\$20 copay\$175 copay	\$15/\$20 copay\$200 copay	n/a	
Estimated number and percent of services steered toward preferred site of care		288 (2%)	454 (2%)	18,976 (100%)	
Estimated cost avoidance opportunity		\$1.4m annual claim savings (\$0.9m to General Fund)	\$2.6m annual claim savings (\$1.7m to General Fund)	\$5.3m annual claim savings (\$3.5m to General Fund)	

The percentage of cost paid by the State subsidy from the general fund and non-general fund based on FY 2018 premium contributions and revenue as reported by DHR Financial Services/OMB PHRST. Savings for active and pre-65 retiree populations only; based on each vendor's best estimate of the expected utilization at the desired site of care. Savings largely attributable to copay differential rather than changes in member behavior.

Highlights potential FY20 design change.

Reserve and claim liability discussion

Current claim liability methodology

Claims Liability Targets by Quarter

12/31/16	3/31/17	6/30/17	9/30/17	12/31/17	3/31/18	6/30/18
\$54.3m	\$54.3m	\$56.5m	\$59.5m	\$58.9m	\$58.9m	\$61.3m

- Recommended Claim Liability target is based on estimated incurred but not paid ("IBNP") liability as of 6/30/2018
 - Medical Claim Liability (Highmark and Aetna): \$52.8M
 - Pharmacy Claim Liability (ESI Commercial and EGWP): \$8.5M
- IBNP liability is based on paid claims for the period 7/1/2017 6/30/2018 and lag factors developed by Willis Towers Watson as of 6/30/2018
 - Lag factors represent the average period of time between when a claim is incurred and then paid by the State, and were developed separately for Aetna, Highmark, and ESI based on data provided by each vendor
 - Lag factors are reviewed and updated (if needed) annually
 - Claim Liability target is updated quarterly based on most recent 12 months of paid claims data
- IBNP liability has been increasing over time, driven by an increase in paid claim levels and an increase in Aetna's lag factor